

# Infrared analysis of beer



UNITED WE BREW™

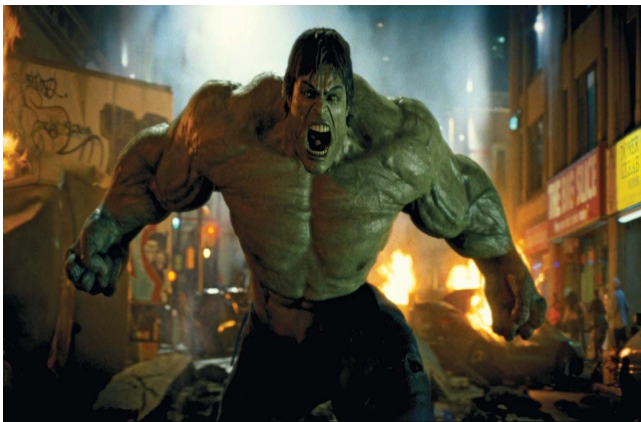
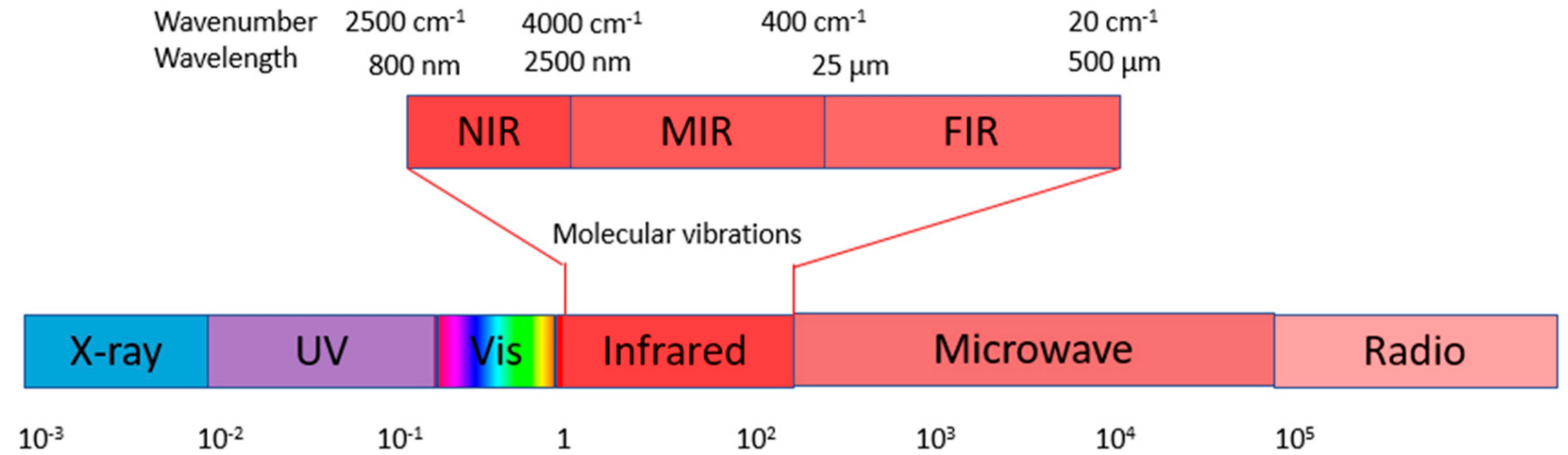
# Content

- What is infrared spectroscopy
- Where can we use infrared technology
- Applications

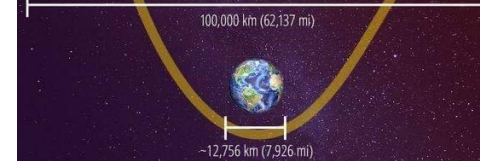


# Visible and Infrared

- Visible
- Near infrared
- Mid infrared



The **longest waves** on the electromagnetic spectrum can have a wavelength of 100,000 kilometers (62,137 mi).



These are known as ELF (extremely low frequency) radio waves.

“Perhaps the sun, shining above from rosy lamp, is surrounded by much fire and invisible heat. Thus the fire may be accompanied by radiance, which increases the power of the rays” (Lucretious ca 60 BC)

## Discovery of Near InfraRed Radiation



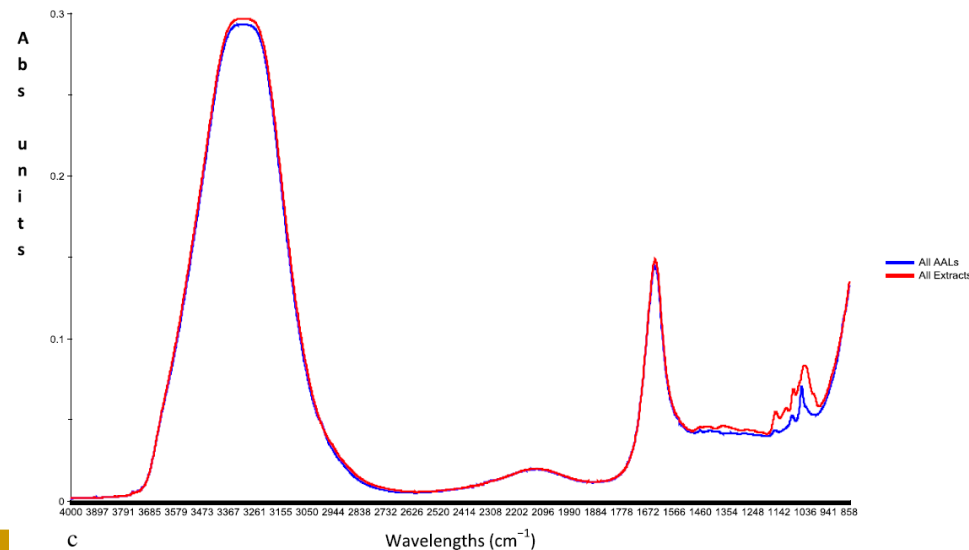
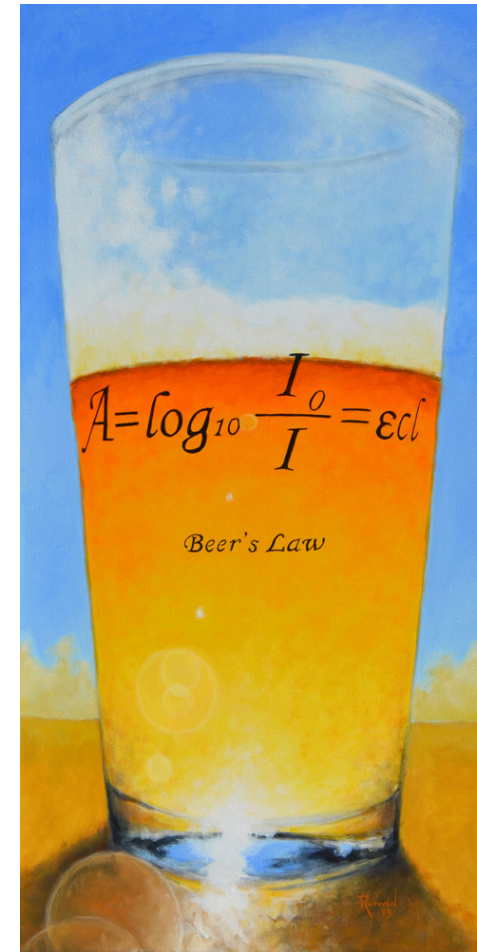
- 17 March 1800
- **William Herschel, Astronomer Royal attempts to find out the spectral region responsible for heat formation in his telescope.**
- **The NIR is discovered.**
- *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society* **90:255-83**

# Beer's law

Equation (2)

$$A_{\lambda} = \log (1/R_{\lambda}) = c \cdot \varepsilon_{\lambda} \cdot l$$

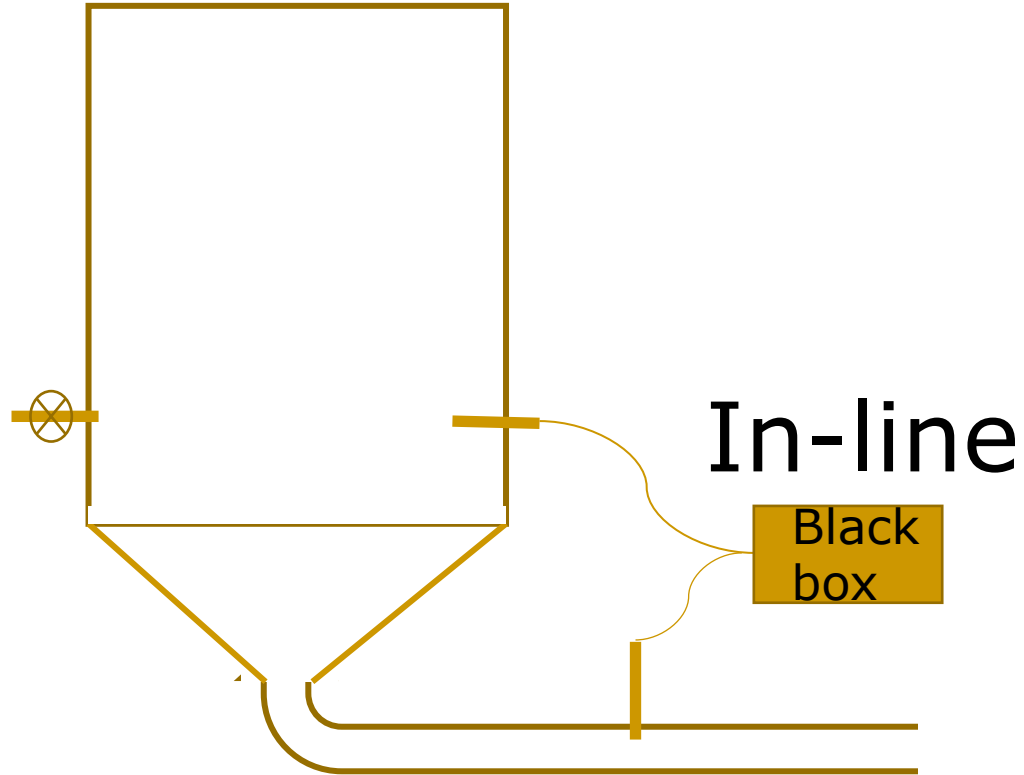
$A_{\lambda}$	Absorption
$R_{\lambda}$	Reflexion
$c$	Concentration of the ingredient
$\varepsilon_{\lambda}$	extinction coefficient of the ingredient for wavelength $\lambda$
$l$	Pathlength of the light through the sample



# Real-time measurements

At-line

Black  
box



# In-line

- Dedicated probes
- Measurement real-time
- Temperature, DO, pH, color.....
- Real-time data assists brewers deal with out of spec brews



# At line

- Sub-sample and test
- Testing within minutes
- Also provides options to deal with problems
- But possible deals
- Staff to do testing and act to trouble shoot
- Have data for current and retrospective analysis





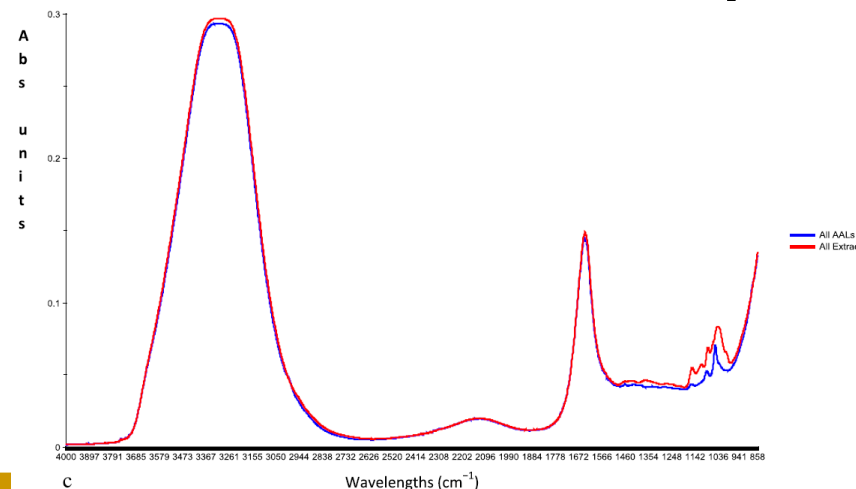
# Pros and cons of infrared

## Pros

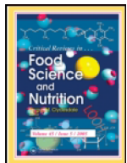
- Results within seconds
- Multiple traits simultaneously
- Solids and liquids
- Minimal maintenance
- User friendly

## Cons

- Dedicated lab to do chemistry for calibrations or 3<sup>rd</sup> party
- Instruments are expensive
- Level of detection (0.1%)
  - term investment



# NIR probes in a brewery



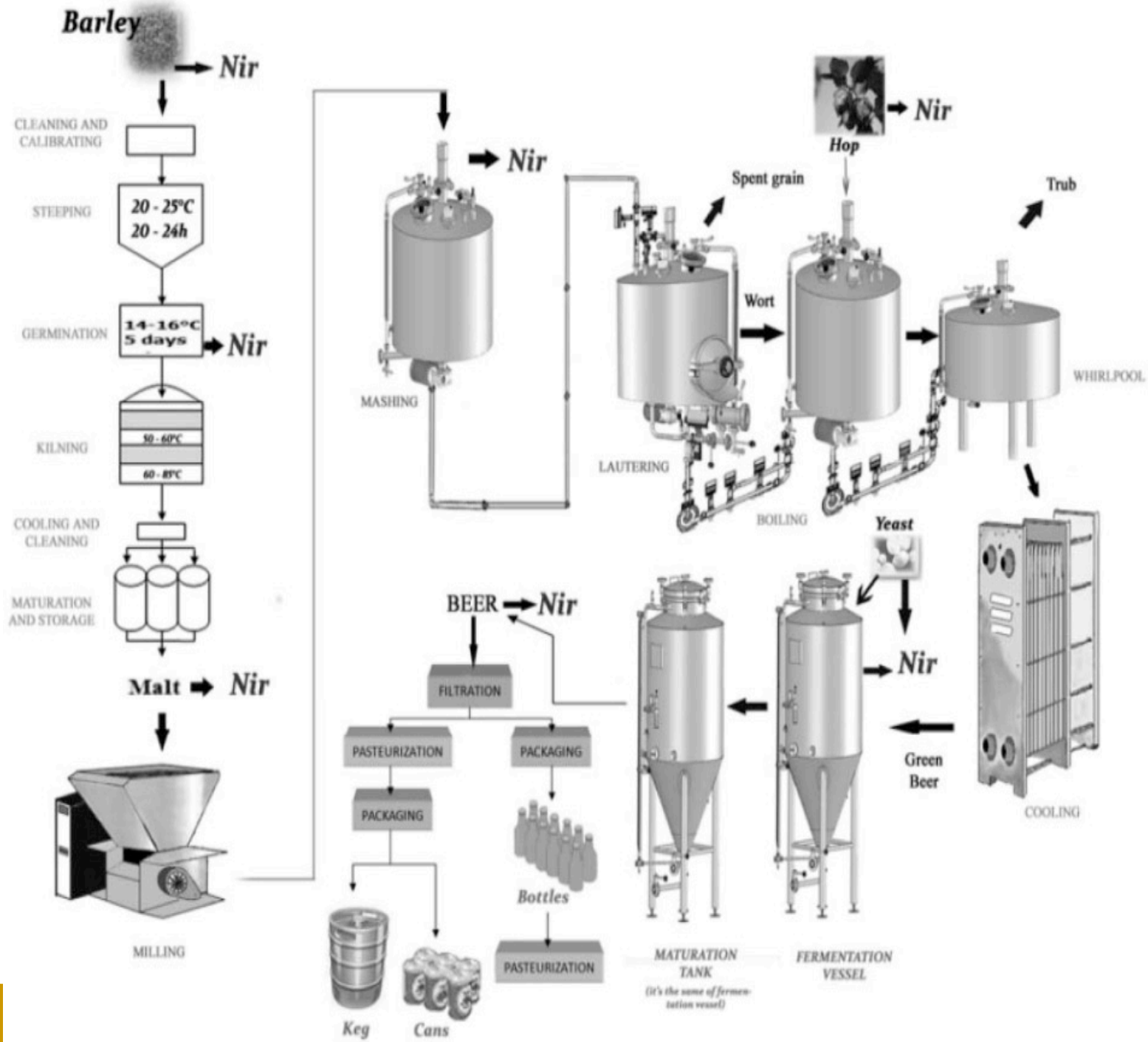
Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition



ISSN: 1040-8398 (Print) 1549-7852 (Online) Journal homepage: <https://www.tandfonline.com/loi/bfsn20>

Near-infrared Spectroscopy in the Brewing Industry

Valeria Sileoni, Ombretta Marconi & Giuseppe Perretti



# In-line infrared predictions

- Wort: gravity, sugars, color, FAN, total nitrogen,
- Hopped wort: bitterness, color,
- Fermented beer: ABV, color,



# At line

- Hand-held infrared
- Sub-sampling required
- No laboratory needed
- Scan time in seconds
- Spectra to cloud and data predicted in seconds
- Multiple parameters simultaneously
- In development: gravity, sugars, FAN

The screenshot shows the HONE website's 'Our Technology' section. At the top left is the HONE logo. The navigation bar includes 'Solutions', 'Partners', 'Company', 'Start Testing Now', 'Log in', and a 'SIGN UP' button. The main content area features four technology components arranged around a central 'HONE Platform' icon. 'Prophecy Mobile' is a mobile app for in-field testing. 'Hone Lab' is an advanced opto-electronic device for field spectroscopy. 'Hone Create' is cloud software for chemometrics. Curved lines connect the mobile app and Hone Lab to the central platform and Hone Create.

**Prophecy Mobile**  
In-field testing mobile app for Classic & Hone Lab services including results dashboard

**HONE Platform**

**Hone Lab**  
Advanced opto-electronic design to bring high-resolution spectroscopy into the field


**Hone Create**  
Next generation chemometrics cloud software, built on powerful machine learning ensembles to power in-field and benchtop testing

<https://www.honeag.com/>



HLBOB-0002

Laser: OFF

Laser: ON 

-14.8°C

Sample Type

UCDavis\_Beer (Mark Bigland's team)

Parameters

Mode:

Laser Intensity (%) (1-100)

Integration (ms) (200-60000)

Averaging (1-10)

Gain  Enable High Gain

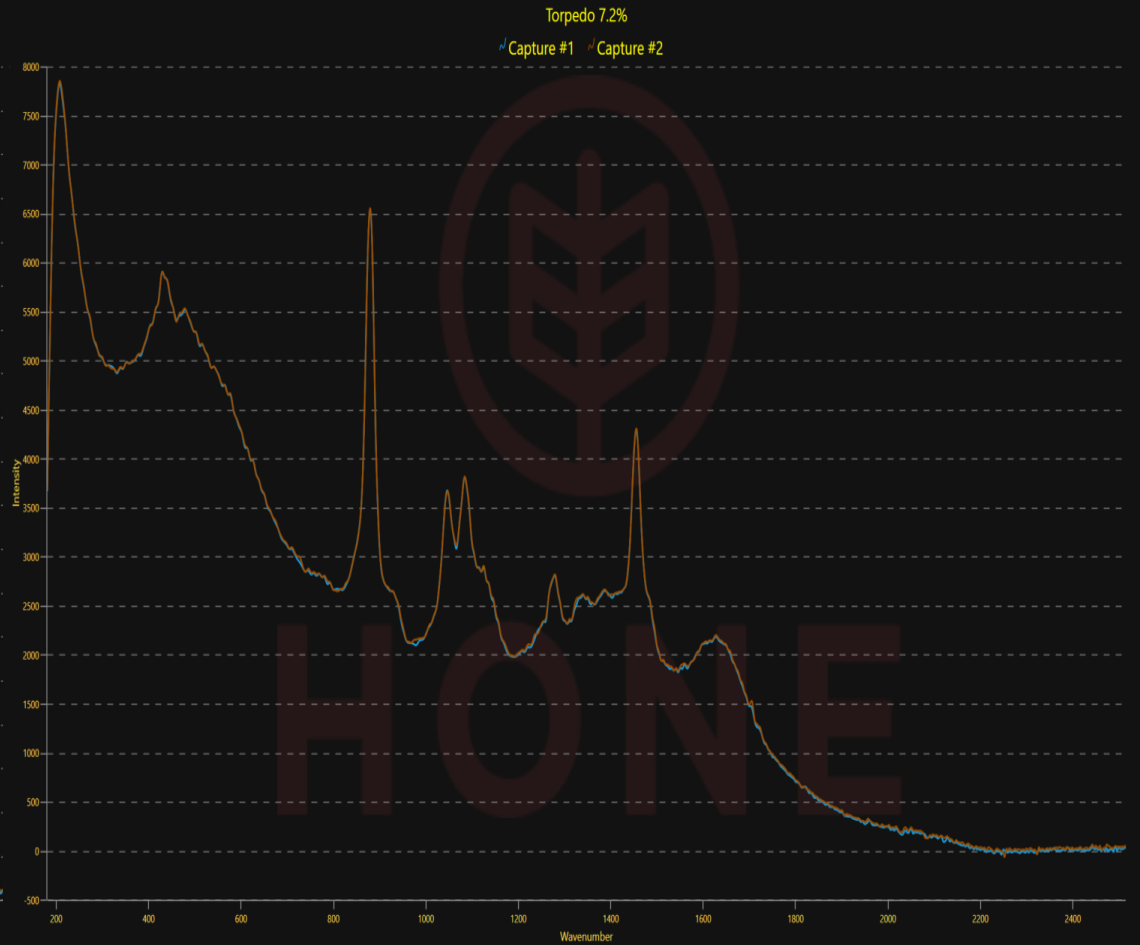
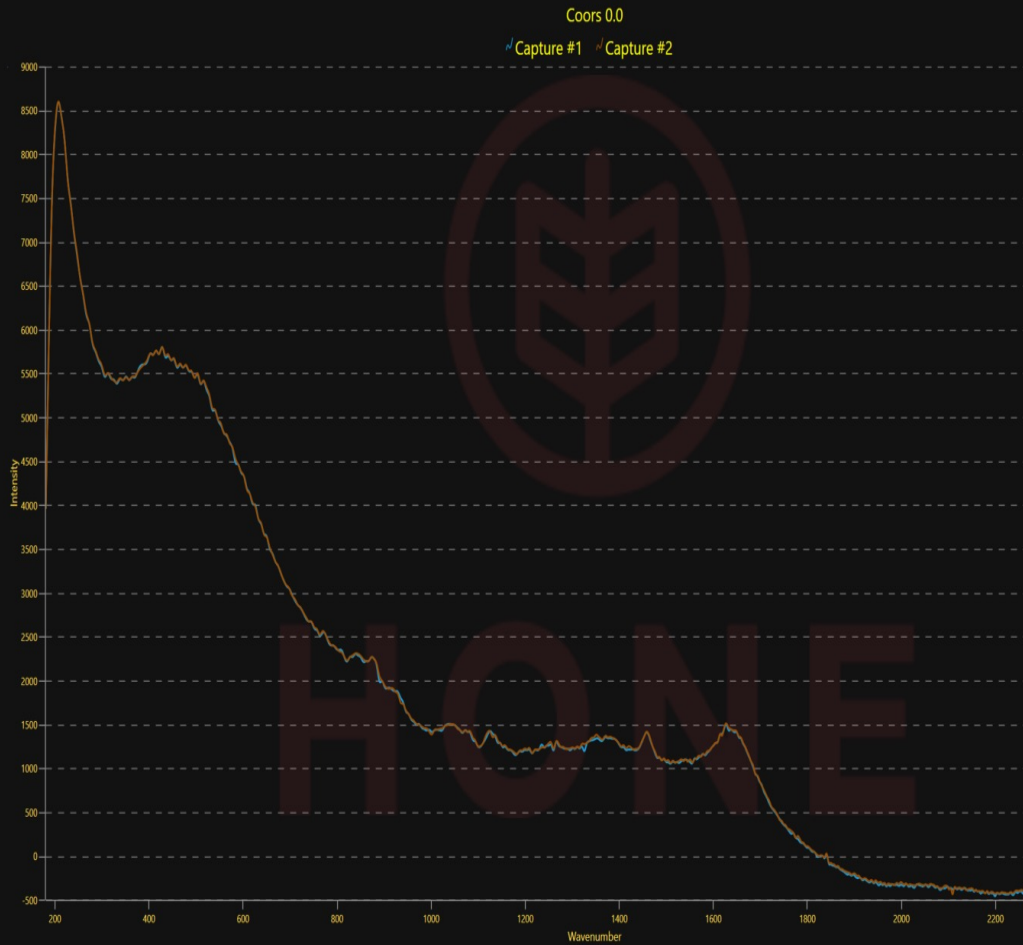
Sample Name

Edit Notes

Coors 0.0

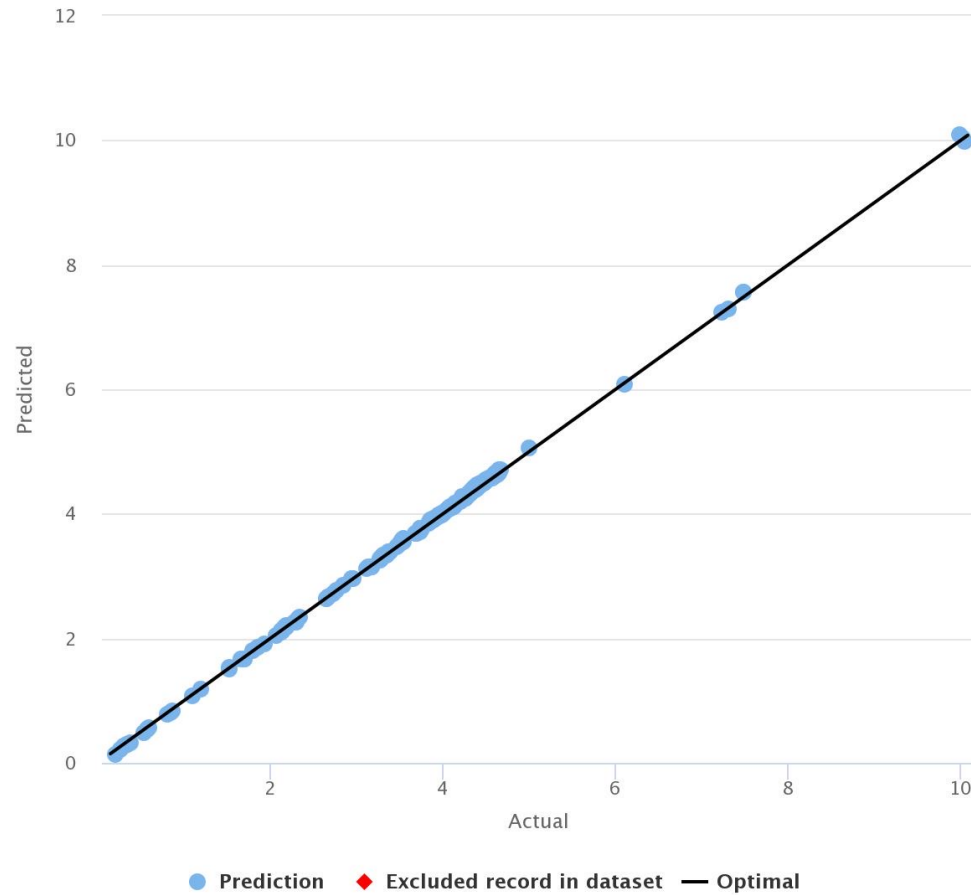
Scan Repeats

3



# Precision of calibration

Cross-Validation (Training Set) Predicted vs Actual



<b>Model</b>	<b>23494</b>
RMSECV	0.02
RMSECV as % of range	0.23%
R2	0.999
Accuracy	98.87
Number of records	191
Min value	0.22
Max value	10.05
Mean value	3.73
Range	9.83
RMSEP	0.04
RMSEP as % of range	0.37%
R2	0.999



# Traits under development

- Gravity
- ABV
- IBU
- Total Polyphenols
- Fermentable & non fermentable sugars



# Pros and Cons of In-line and At-line

## Pros

- Speed
- Data now
- Control
- Confidence
- Deeper understanding

## Cons

- Costs
- Extra work
- Who has control
- So much data





# Future

- Real time data during mash, post boil and post fermentation
- Not limited to current 'standard' parameters
- Flavor profiles from malt and hops
- Researchers: keep it real and keep it relevant





# TWO THINGS

1. Useful technology for real time analysis
2. Multiple traits simultaneously

# Resources

- Fox GP (2020) The brewing industry and opportunities for real time quality using infrared spectroscopy, Applied Sciences : Optics and Lasers. Special Edition: Non-destructive Sensors in Food Authentication. 10:616. [HTTPS://doi:10.3390/app10020616](https://doi.org/10.3390/app10020616)
- <https://cpe.ucdavis.edu/areas-study/brewing>



@GlenFox9



# Q & A

